



Study in US

The US remains the world's driving destination for universal understudies. In 2011-12, around 764,500 universal understudies concentrated on in the US, as indicated by the Institute of International Education's Open Doors report. The most well known states for worldwide study in the US were California, New York and Texas, and the most mainstream subjects were business and administration, building, arithmetic and software engineering.

Lucrative Job Opportunities

On fulfillment of your degree, you are lawfully approved to work in the US in your related field for around a year. You have to apply for Optional Practical Training Employment Authorization (OPT). Most universal understudies get drafted into the organization that contracts them amid their OPT period, by supporting their H1-B or work visa.

Education in USA

A Unique Higher Education System

U.S. colleges and universities may vary from those in your nation of origin in a few ways. First off, little class sizes are extremely normal. There might be as few as 10 to 20 understudies in a class, giving you the individual consideration you require so as to succeed. While in class, understudies are urged and anticipated that would add to the exchange. Educators meet with understudies in their workplaces or even impart espresso or suppers to them. The cozy relationship amongst understudies and staff serves to rouse understudies and encourages an individual way to deal with the educational modules. Concentrating on in the U.S. gives you the chance to pick up a guide in your given profession field, an important asset.

Calculate your Own Costs of Studying in US

As of late it's gotten to be less demanding for individual understudies to compute the amount they could expect considering in the US to cost. All US colleges are presently legitimately required to incorporate a charges and monetary guide number cruncher on their sites, permitting understudies to get a harsh thought of how much their planned course of study would cost and what help they might be qualified for. These "net value number crunchers" can be gotten to through the administration's College Affordability and Transparency Center, which likewise gives subtle elements of the US colleges with the most elevated and least educational cost expenses and net expenses.



Average fees at US Universities, 2014/15.

	PUBLIC TWO-YEAR COLLEGES	PUBLIC FOUR-YEAR COLLEGES (IN-STATE FEES)	PUBLIC FOUR-YEAR COLLEGES (OUT-OF-STATE FEES)	PRIVATE NON-PROFIT FOUR-YEAR COLLEGES
Tutions and other fees	\$3,347	\$9,139	\$22,958	\$31,231
Room and board	\$7,705	\$9,804	\$9,804	\$11,148
Total (per year)	\$11,052	\$18,943	\$32,762	\$42,419

Average Living Expenses

The inexact yearly everyday costs are about \$10,000, which incorporates convenience and also other day by day costs. In any case, the costs are distinctive for various individuals relying upon the ways of life and this is only an unpleasant thought. The primary costs can be part up as:

- Rent \$ 400 every month
(you can live alone with that sum in a spot like Auburn or offer a loft with 6 individuals in NY)
- Perishables \$ 100 every month
- Utilities \$ 100 every month
- Telephone \$ 100 every month
- Sundry \$ 200 every month

Employment as Student

Numerous understudies hang on-grounds occupations, and work opportunities are about constantly accessible. Most occupations pay about \$7.25 every hour and involve work in a research facility or in sustenance administration. You might be exhausted for money earned in the United States. Cash is deducted every payroll interval from most workers' paychecks for government and state salary charges. The measure of the reasoning fluctuates enormously.

As a rule terms, understudies are allowed to chip away at grounds 20 hours for each week amid the fall and spring semester and 40 hours for every week amid school softens when classes are not up session.



Academic Year

The school logbook normally starts in August or September and proceeds through May or June. The greater part of new understudies start in pre-winter, so it is a smart thought for worldwide understudies to likewise start their U.S. college learns as of now. There is a ton of fervor toward the start of the school year and understudies structure numerous awesome companionships amid this time, as they are all conforming to another period of scholarly life. Furthermore, numerous courses are intended for understudies to take them in succession, beginning in harvest time and proceeding as the year progressed.

The scholarly year at numerous schools is made out of two terms called “semesters.” (Some schools utilize a three-term logbook known as the “trimester” framework.) Still, others further partition the year into the quarter arrangement of four terms, including a discretionary summer session. Essentially, in the event that you bar the mid-year session, the scholarly year is either involved two semesters or three quarter terms.

Admission Requirements

US University Applications

Entry requirements for each university are different, but most involve either completing an admissions test or essay, the SAT or ACT admissions tests, and providing recommendation letters from teachers. On top of this, most universities ask for a transcript of your grades and a personal statement.

Typical Application Requirements

- A completed application form
- Application fee (\$50-100 per university)
- Admissions exam scores
- 2-3 essays
- Transcript
- 2-3 letters of reference
- Interview (for some universities)

English Language Requirements

- **Undergraduate Applicants**

All applicants (including US citizens) whose first language is not English can prove English proficiency by one of the following:



- TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language) – TOEFL code 5007 Internet based test (iBT) score of 80 or higher.* (Sub-scores for each section of the TOEFL should be 20 or higher.) Paper-based test score of 550 or higher
- IELTS (International English Language Testing System) Composite score of 6.5 or higher. (Sub-scores for each section of the IELTS should be 6.0 or higher.)
- Pearson Test of English (PTE) Score of 53 or higher
- SAT Critical Reading score of 530 or higher

**English speaking countries include: UK, Ireland, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand, and Canada (except Quebec).

• Graduate Applicants

Graduate school applicants who have completed a bachelor's or master's degree from an accredited institution in the English Speaking Country may be exempt from the English-language proficiency test requirement.

- TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language) iBT: Score 100 or higher (600 on the paper-based test)
- IELTS (International English Language Testing System) – Score 7.0 or higher

Admissions Deadlines

Universities will offer a variety of application deadline types. Most universities offer one early deadline type (early action, restrictive early action or early decision) plus regular decision deadlines. However, always check the university's admissions page for full details.

1. Rolling admissions – Students can apply over a set period of time (typically August to spring), and admission decisions will be made on a rolling basis. It is still suggested that applicants still apply early (October/November) if possible. This type of deadline is non-binding and non-restrictive.
2. Regular decision – Students typically apply by 1 January in anticipation of an admissions decision by 1 April. This type of deadline is non-binding and non-restrictive. Students may apply to as many universities in the US as they choose under regular decision policies.
3. Early action – Students typically apply by 1 November in anticipation of an admissions decision by 15 December. This type of deadline is non-binding AND non-restrictive. Students may apply to as many universities in the US as they choose under early action policies.
4. Restrictive early action (Harvard, Princeton, Stanford and Yale) – Like early action, students typically apply by 1 November in anticipation of an admissions decision by 15 December. This type of deadline is non-binding.
5. However, check for restrictions in the university policies on whether you can apply to other universities while you have a restrictive early action application out. Generally speaking, you can only apply to one university restrictive early action, and this will be your only early application in the US. There may be exceptions in the university policy (check on their admissions page) such as allowing you to apply early to state universities with a non-binding,



rolling admissions policy or to universities where the university application is considered for scholarships must be submitted earlier than 15 December.

6. Early decision – There are two early decision deadlines, ED1 in November and the slightly less common ED2 in January. These are more common at private liberal arts colleges. Like early action, ED1 students typically apply by 1 November in anticipation of an admissions decision by 15 December.
7. Early decision applications are binding. You should think very carefully before applying to a university early decision. You, your school and your parents will sign an early decision agreement, certifying that you understand the terms of early decision: The early decision university should be your first choice (worldwide) and if accepted, you will withdraw all other applications (worldwide) and attend that university. The only exception is if you apply for financial aid and do not receive sufficient aid to take up your offer.
8. You may only submit one early decision application in the ED1 and/or ED2 rounds. You should certainly apply to other universities in the UK at the same time to keep all options open, but know that you will need to decline your UCAS offers if admitted early decision in the US.
9. Early decision is also somewhat restrictive in that, you cannot apply to more than one university early decision, but you may be able to apply to others early action at the same time. (Unless as stated above, the university you would like to apply to via early action has restrictions.)